

Ch8: Functions

305172 Computer Programming
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What is a Function?

- A function is a block of code which only runs when it is called.

```
→ def fac(n):  
    ans = 1  
    for i in range(1,n+1):  
        ans = ans*i  
    return ans  
  
Function  
Definition  
  
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))  
print(fac(num)) ← Function call  
print(f'Factorial of {num} = {fac(num)}')
```

Function Definition

keyword

Function
name

Function
parameters

```
def fac(n):  
    ans = 1  
    for i in range(1, n+1):  
        ans = ans*i  
    return ans
```

Return
value

Function with default values

```
def fac(n, less_zero=False) :  
    if less_zero==True:  
        return 1  
    else:  
        ans = 1  
        for i in range(1,n+1) :  
            ans = ans*i  
    return ans  
  
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))  
print(fac(num))  
print(fac(num,True))
```

Defining scope

```
i=5  
def fac(n=i, less_zero=False) :  
    if less_zero==True:  
        return 1  
    else:  
        ans = 1  
        for i in range(1,n+1) :  
            ans = ans*i  
    return ans
```

Default value
depends on where
the variable is
defined

```
print(fac())
```

```
i=6
```

```
print(fac())
```

```
print(ans) ←———— Error : ans is a local variable
```

Default values with sequence

```
def list_append(num, L=[]):
    L.append(num)
    return L

print(list_append(1))
print(list_append(2))
```

Empty
list

Default values with sequence

a list contains
None object

```
def list_append2(num, L=None):
    if L is None:
        L=[]
    L.append(num)
    return L

print(list_append2(1))
print(list_append2(2))
```

Keyword Arguments

```
def fac(n,less_zero=False):
    if less_zero==True:
        return 1
    else:
        ans=1
        for i in range(1,n+1):
            ans=ans*i
    return ans

num = int(input("Enter a number: " ))
print(fac(num))
print(fac(n=num) )
print(fac(num,True) )
print(fac(n=num, less_zero=True))
```