

Ch5: Merge Sort

305234

Algorithm Analysis and Design

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Merge Sort vs Cards

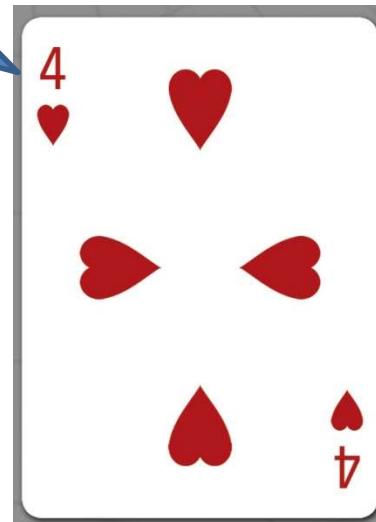


This photo is taken from <https://www.pleasanttimes.com/images/2card-box-teak-2.jpg>

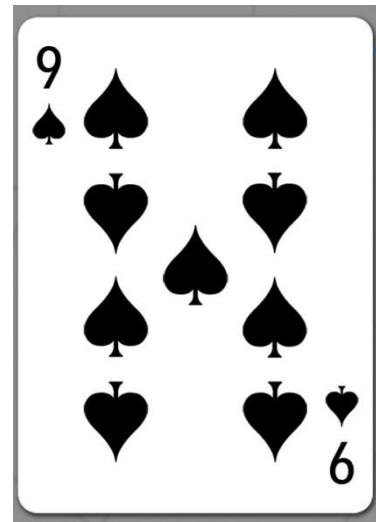
Merge Sort vs Cards

- We have two sorted piles of a card deck.

Sorted
pills

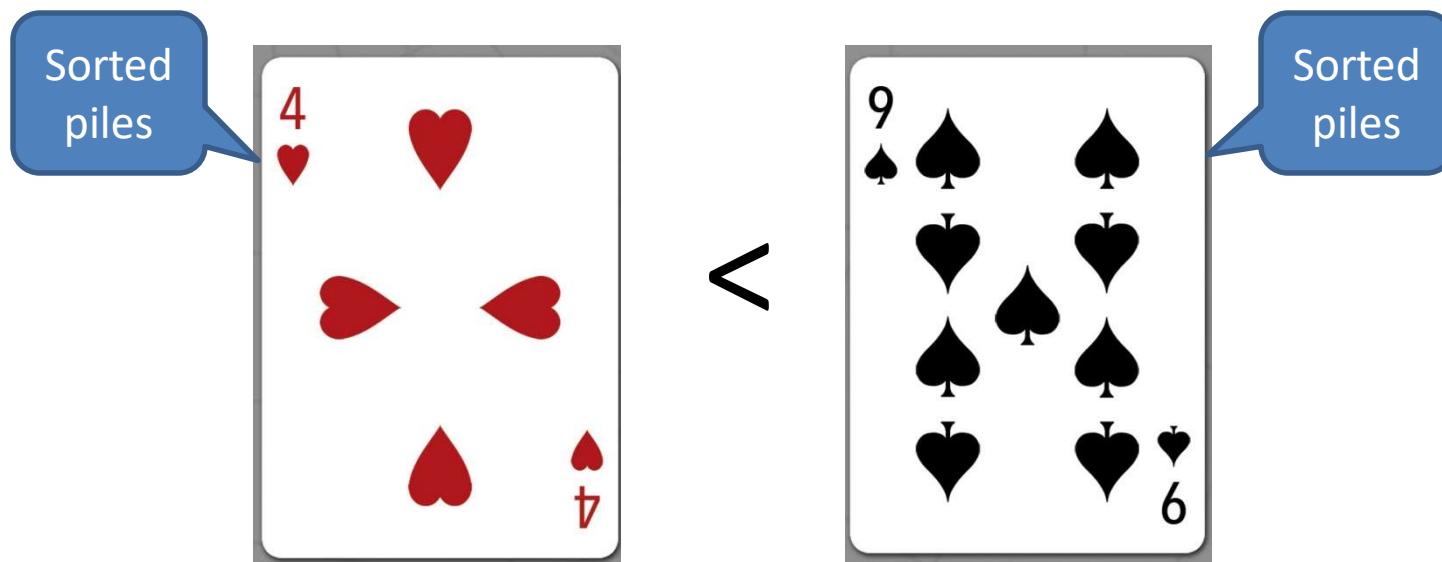


Sorted
pills



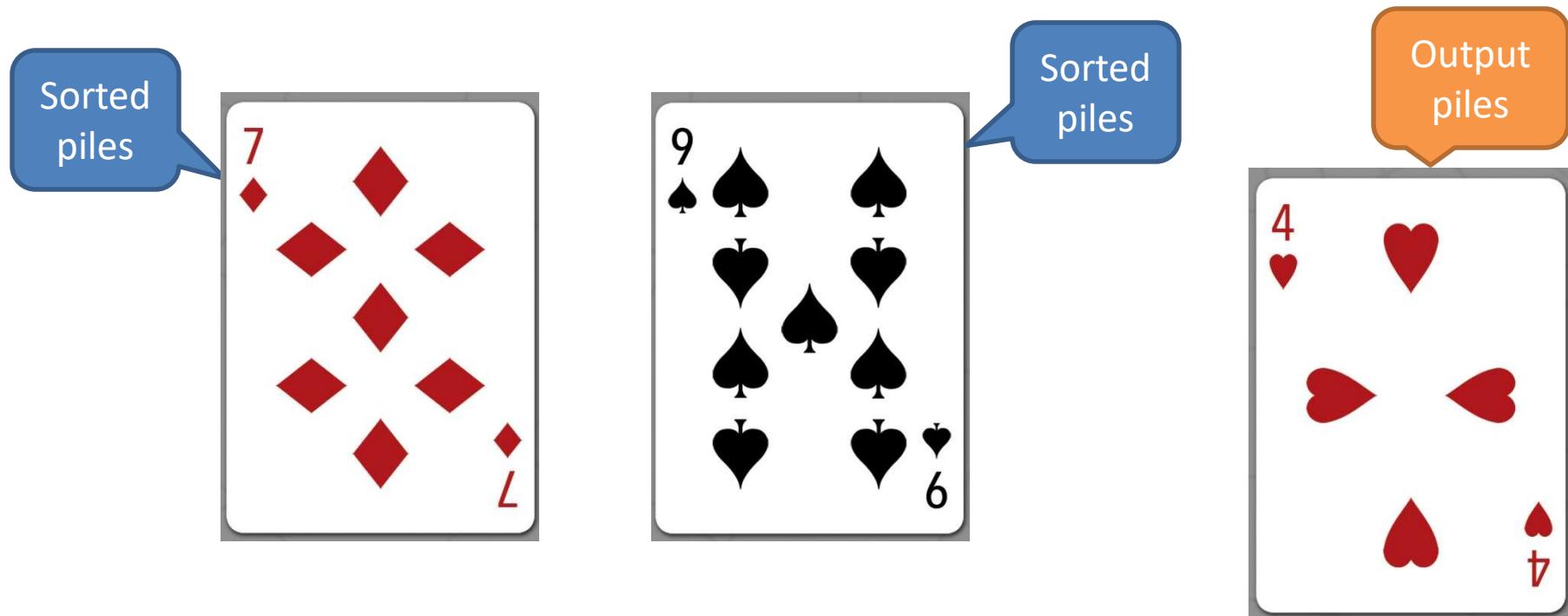
Merge Sort vs Cards

- We compare the top card of both piles and put the smaller card on another pile.

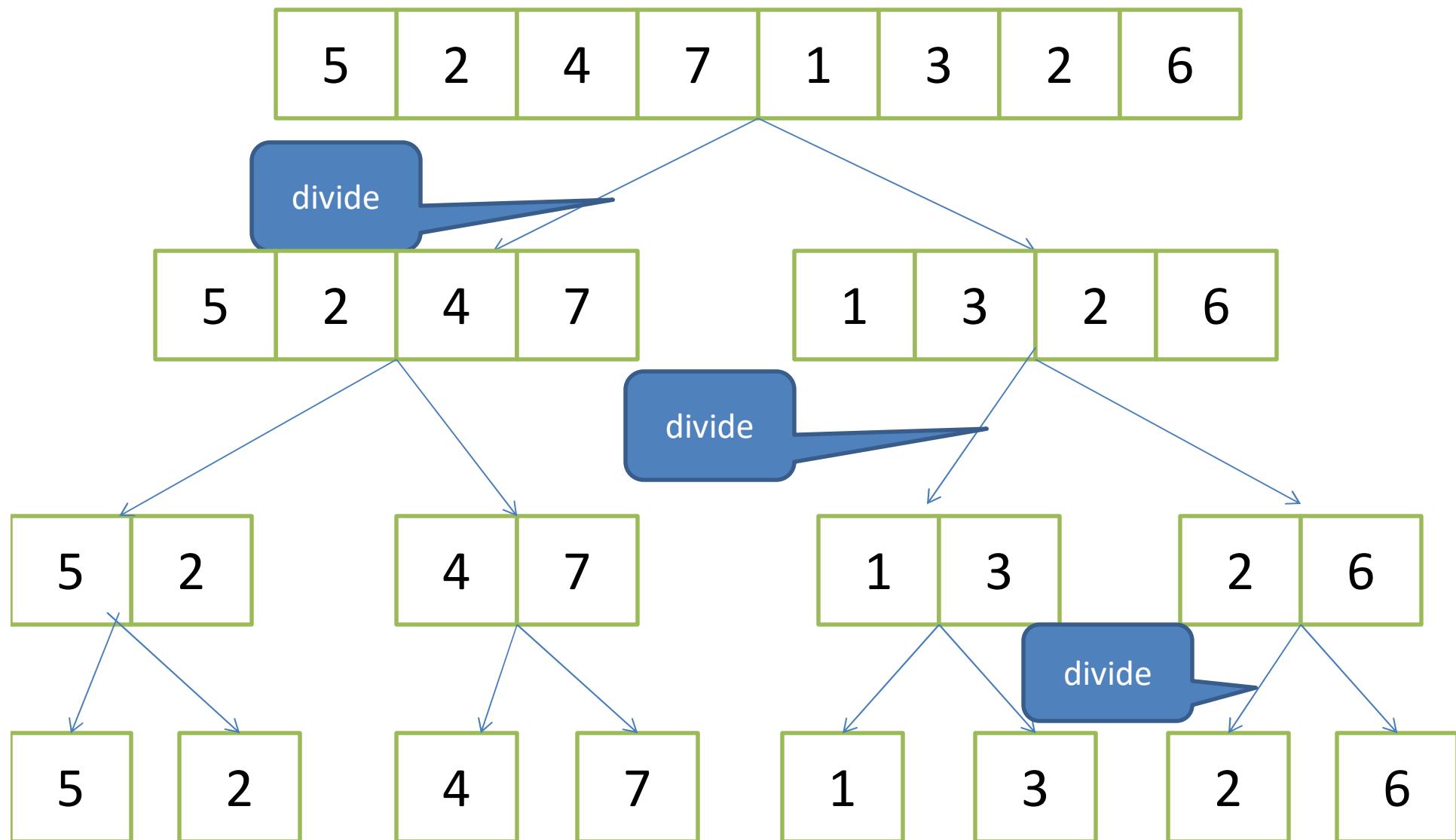


Merge Sort vs Cards

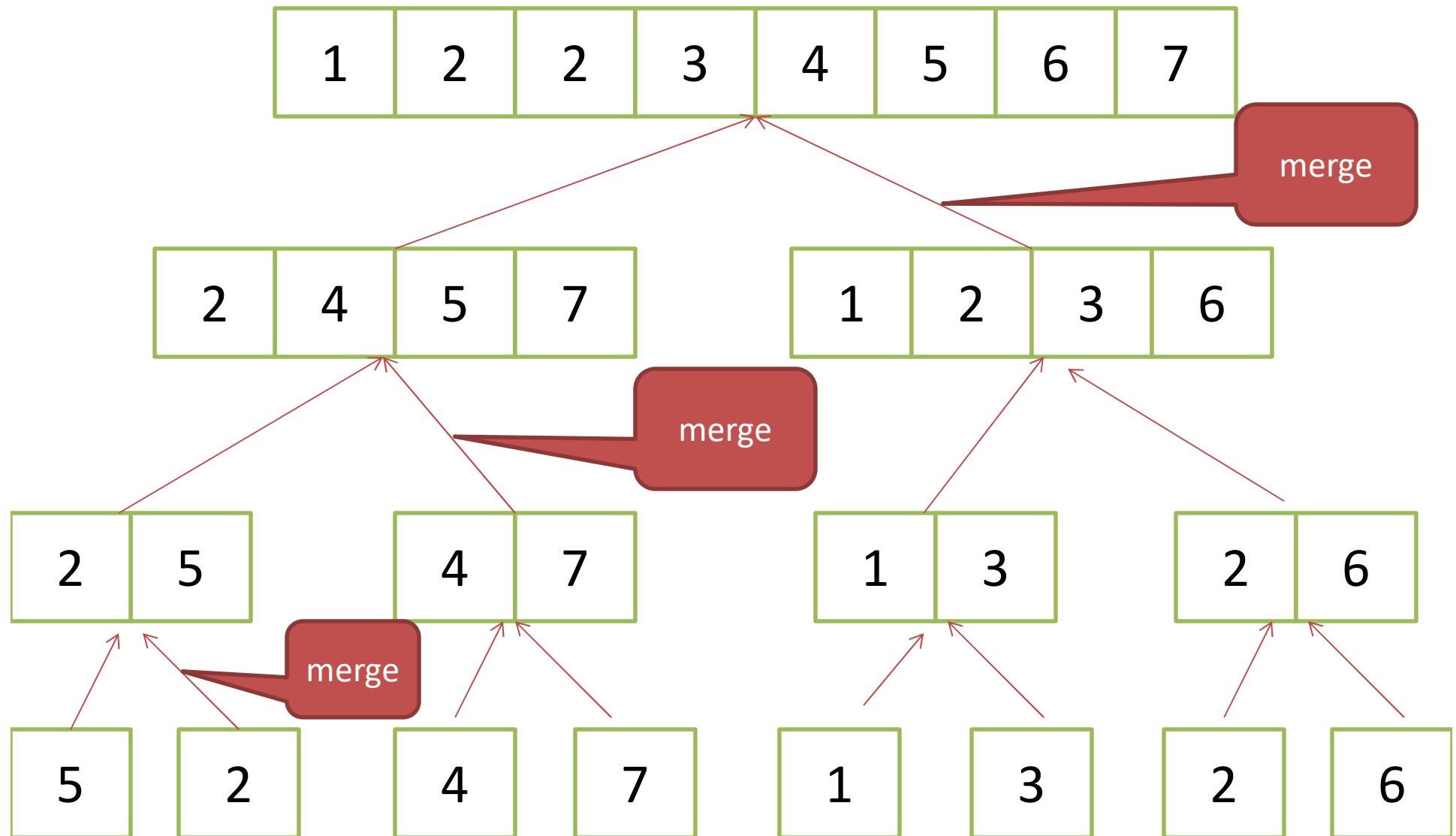
- We compare the top card of both piles and put the smaller card on another pile. Then we compare the next cards.



Merge Sort



Merge Sort



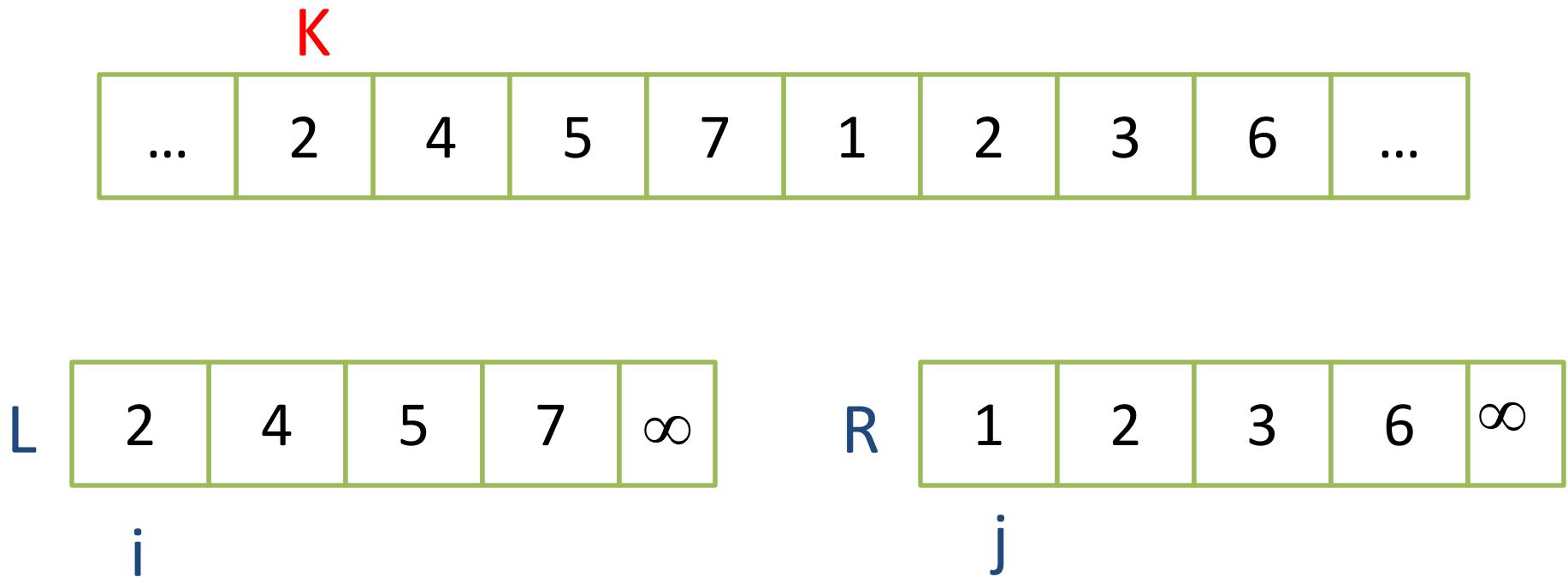
Merge Sort

- Divide the n element arrays to be two arrays of size $n/2$
- Sort the two divided arrays using merge sort recursively
- Merge the two sorted arrays to produce the sorted answer

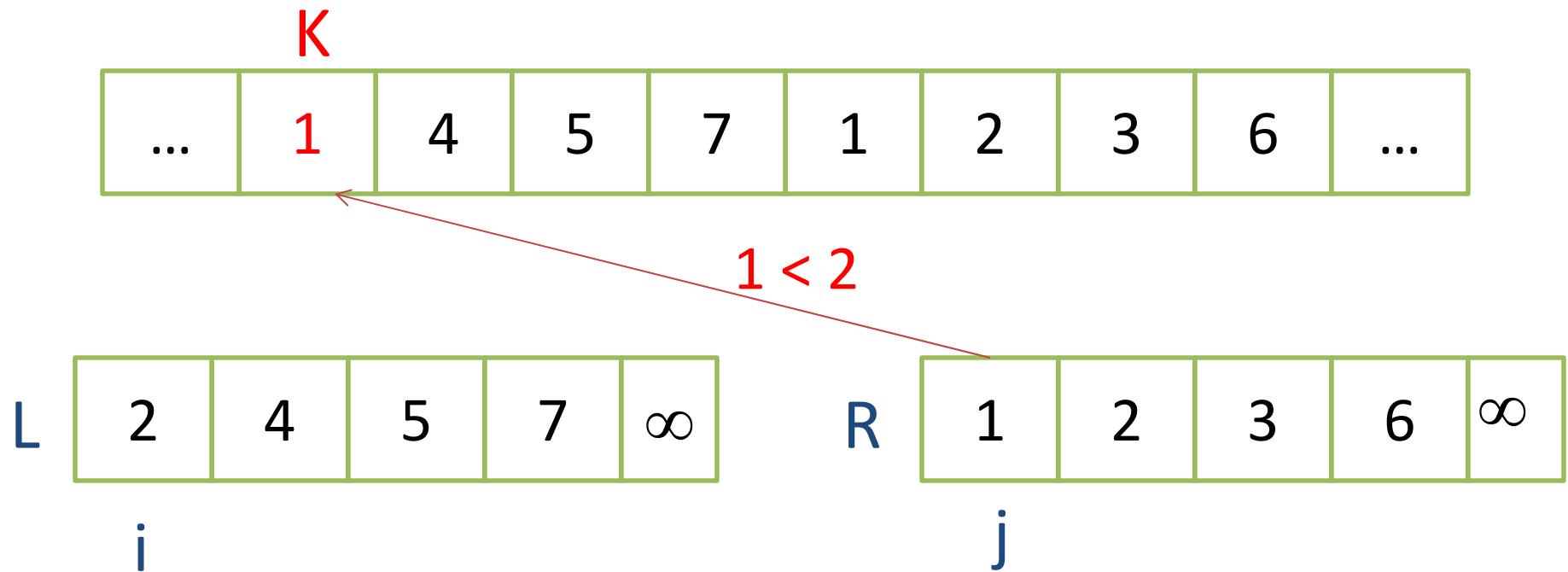
Psudocode: merge(A,p,q,r)

```
N1 = q - p + 1
N2 = r - q
Create arrays L[1..N1+1] and R[1...N2+1]
For i = 1 to N1
    do L[i] = A[ p + i -1]
For j = 1 to N2
    do R[j] = A[q + j]
L[N1+1] = ∞
R[N2+1] = ∞
i = 1
j = 1
For k=p to r
    do if L[ i ] <= R[ j ]
        then A[k] = L[ i ]
                i = i+1
        else A[k] = R[ j ]
                j = j+1
```

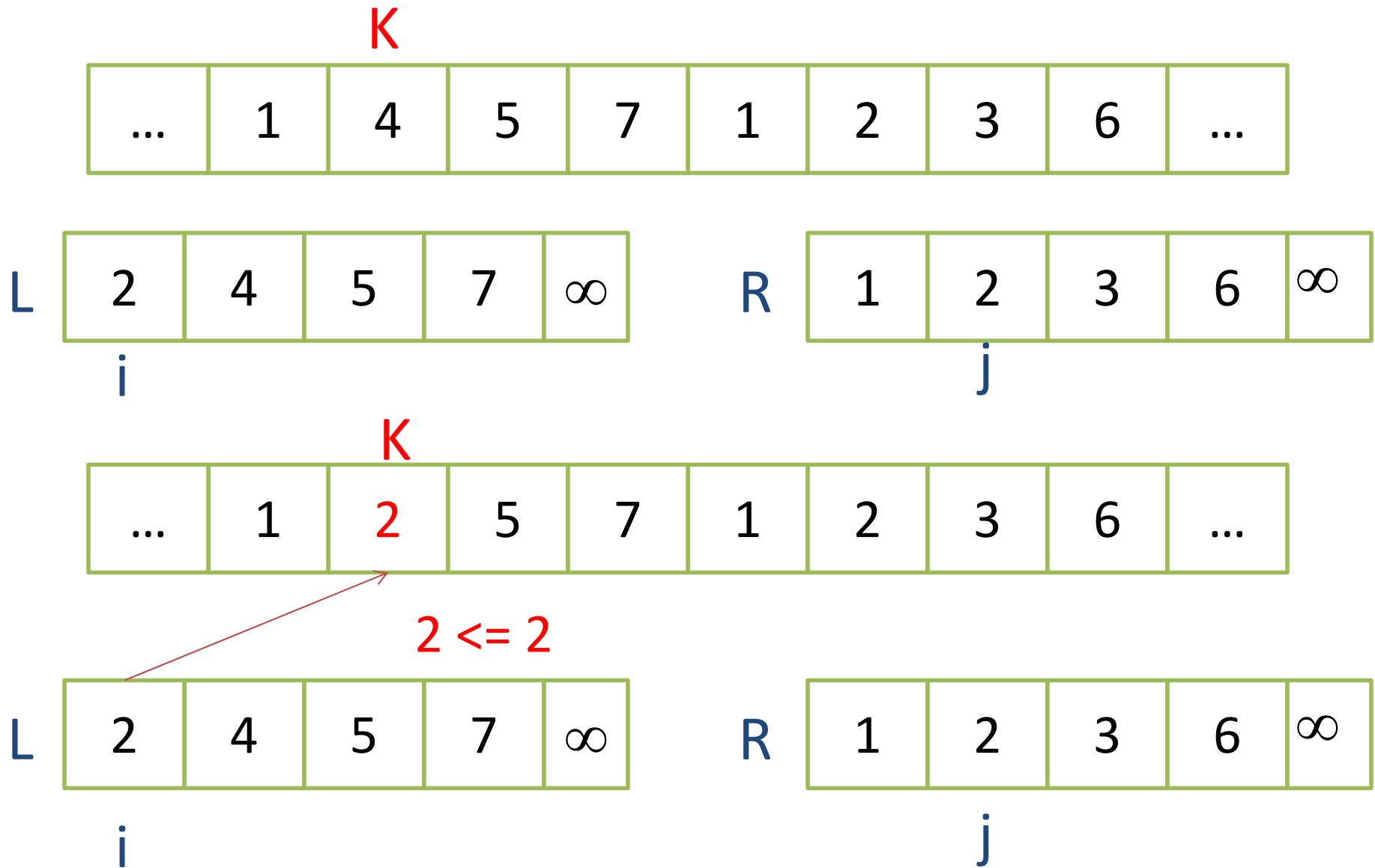
Practice: Merge(A, p, q, r)



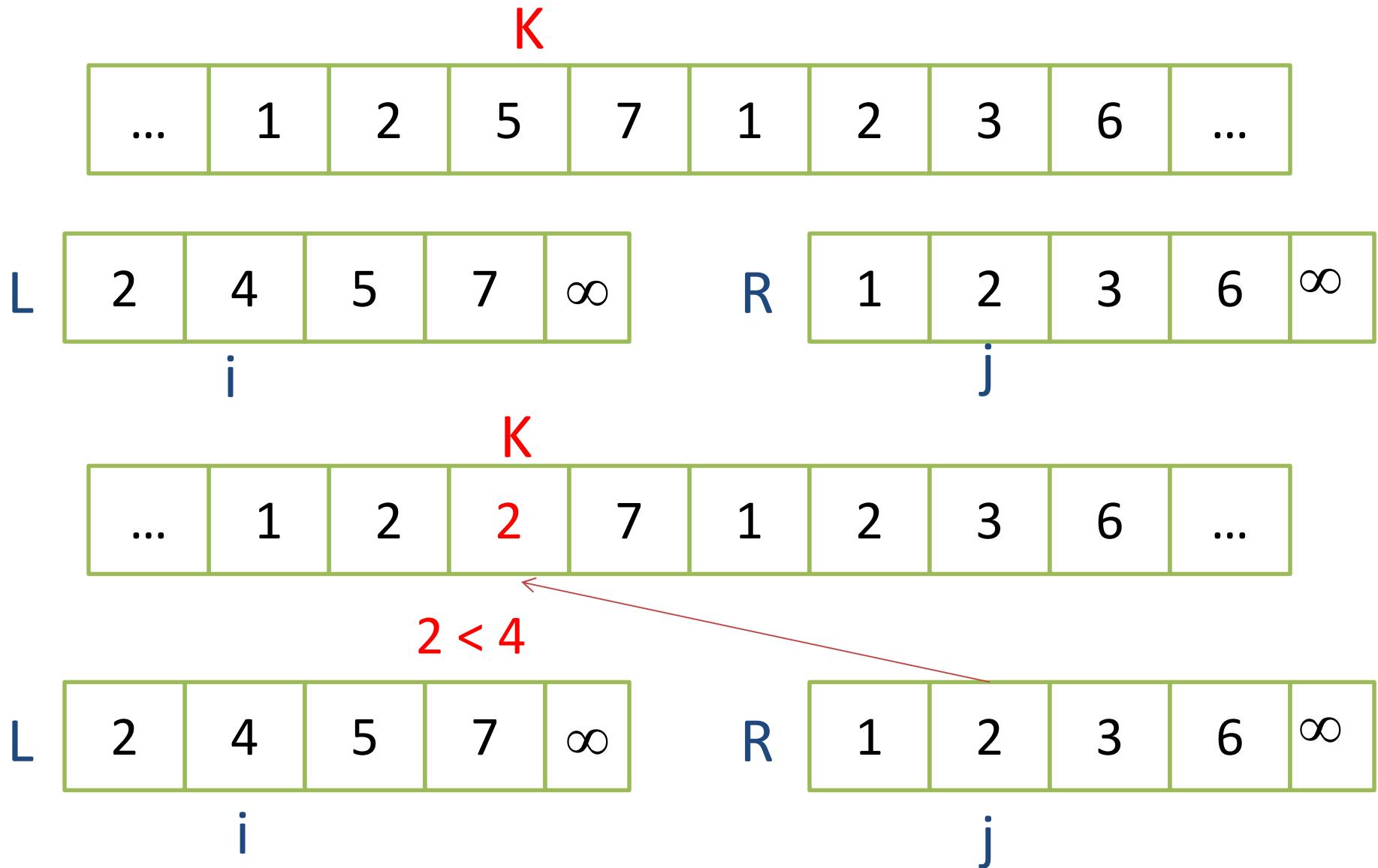
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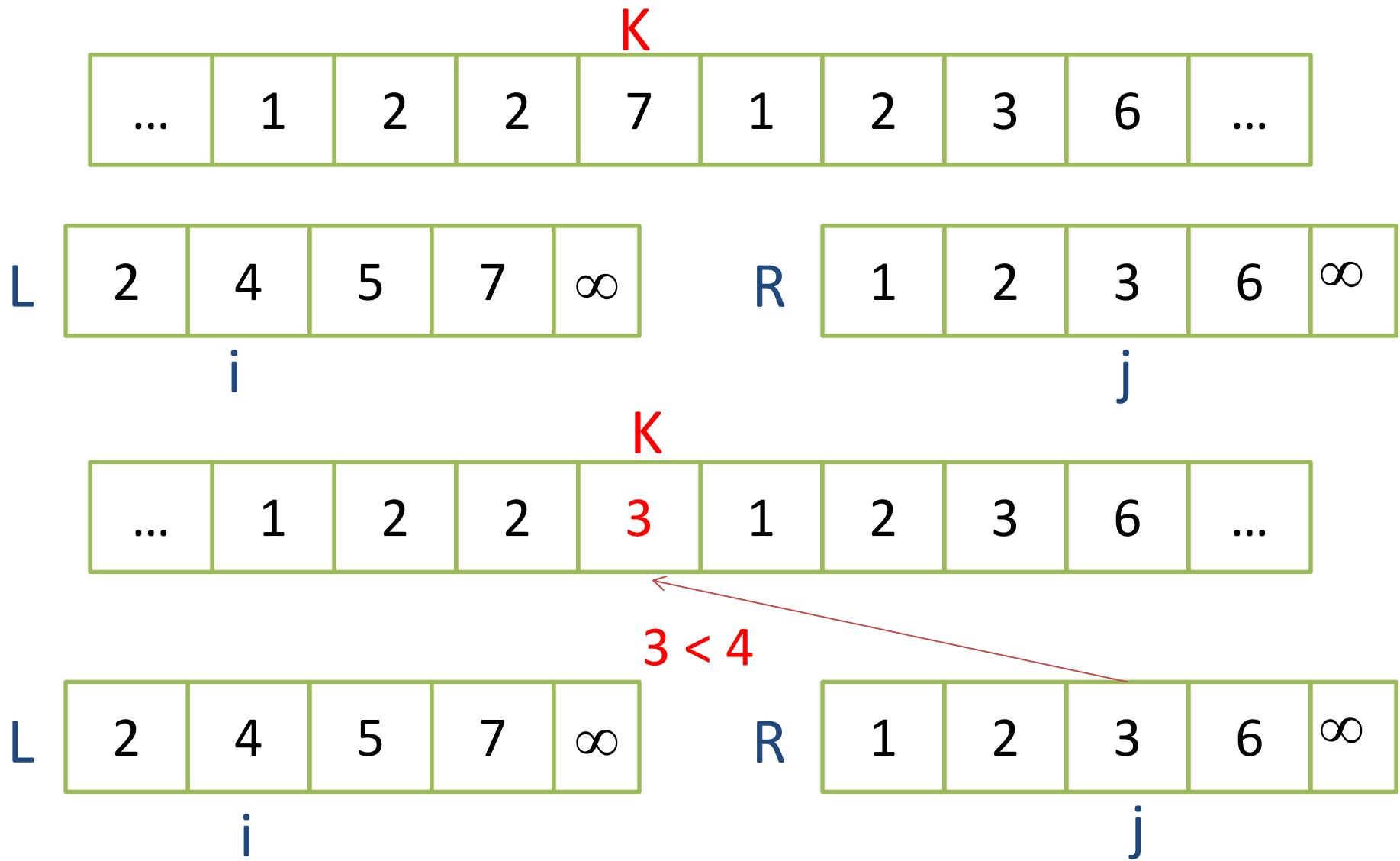
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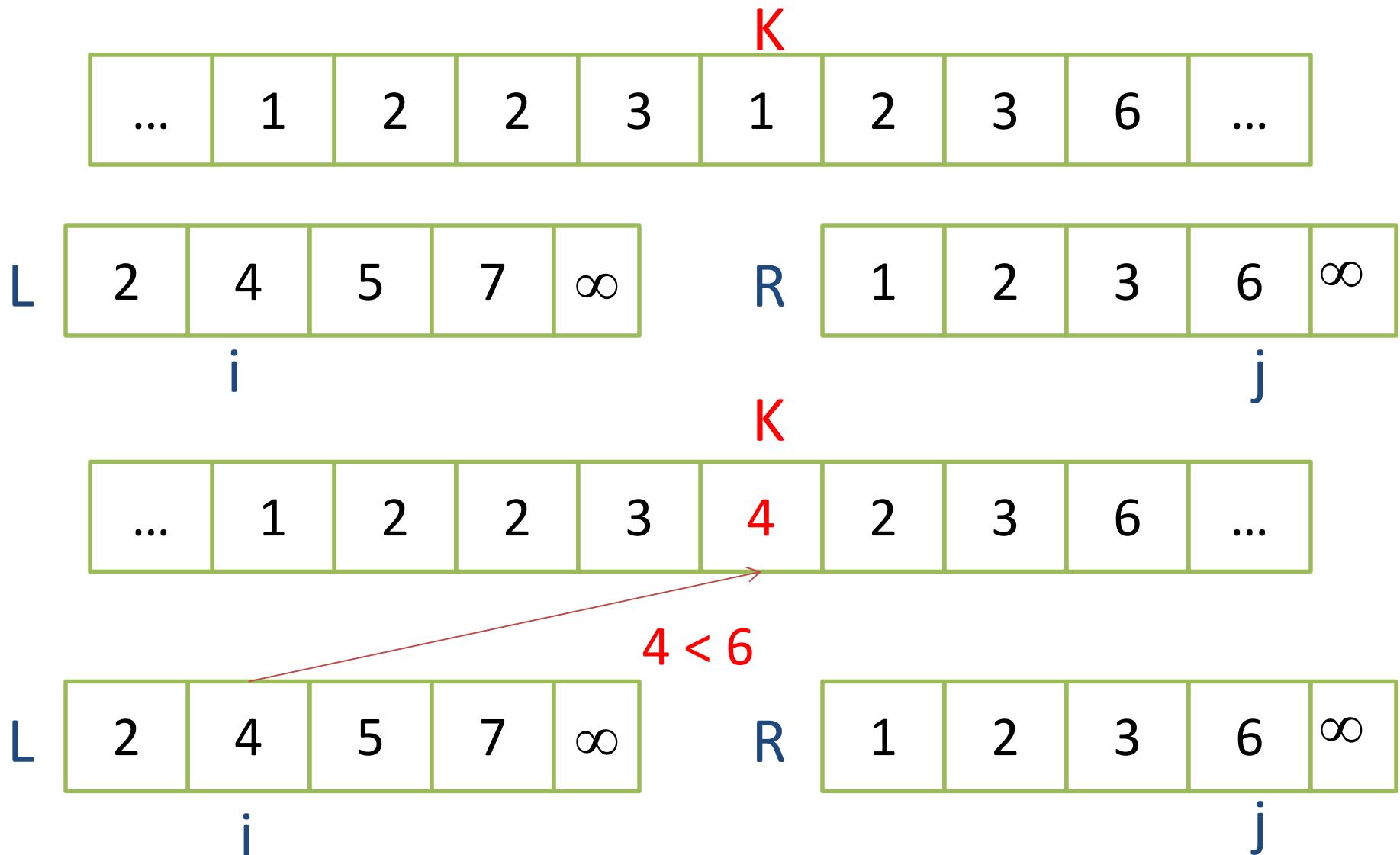
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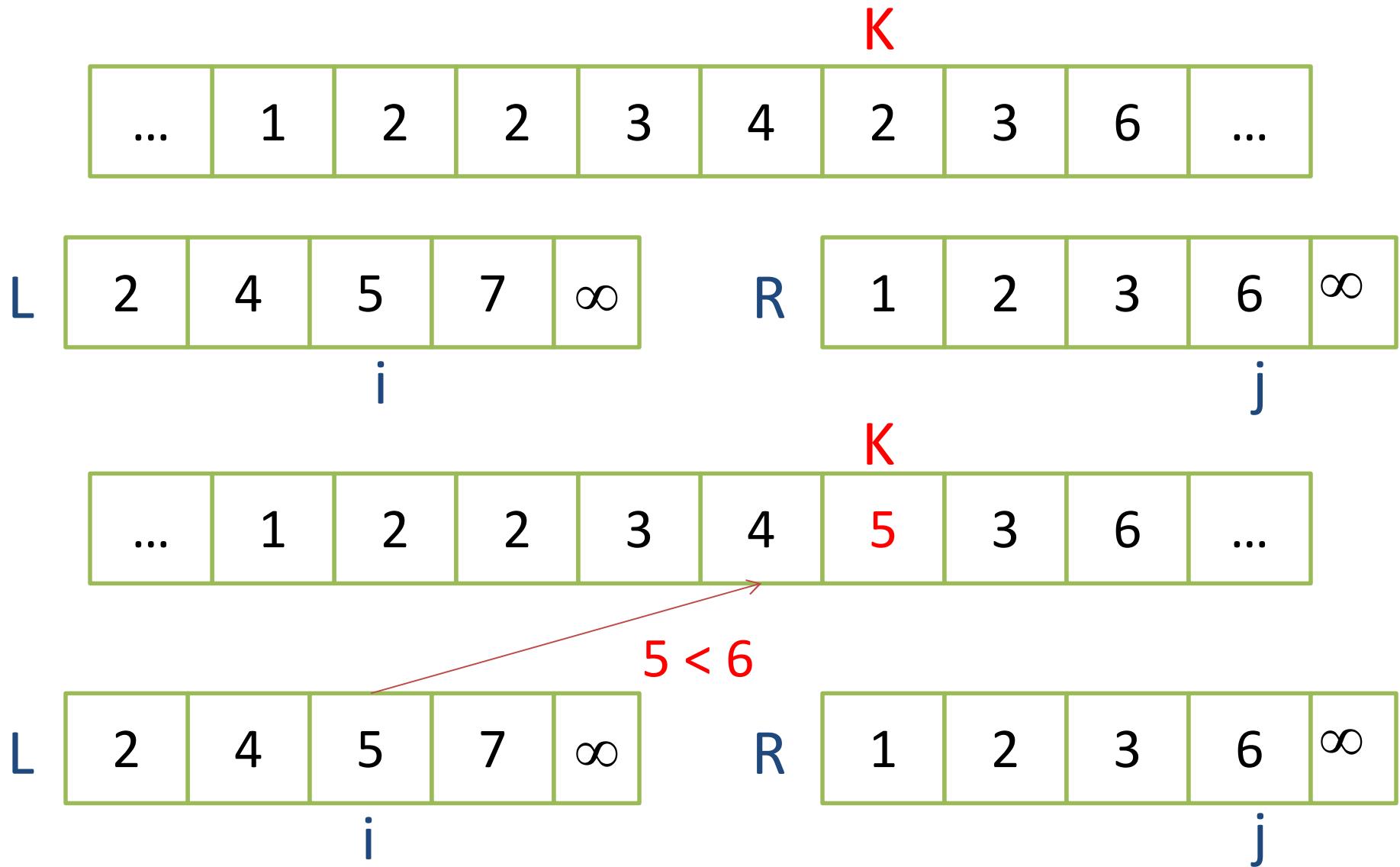
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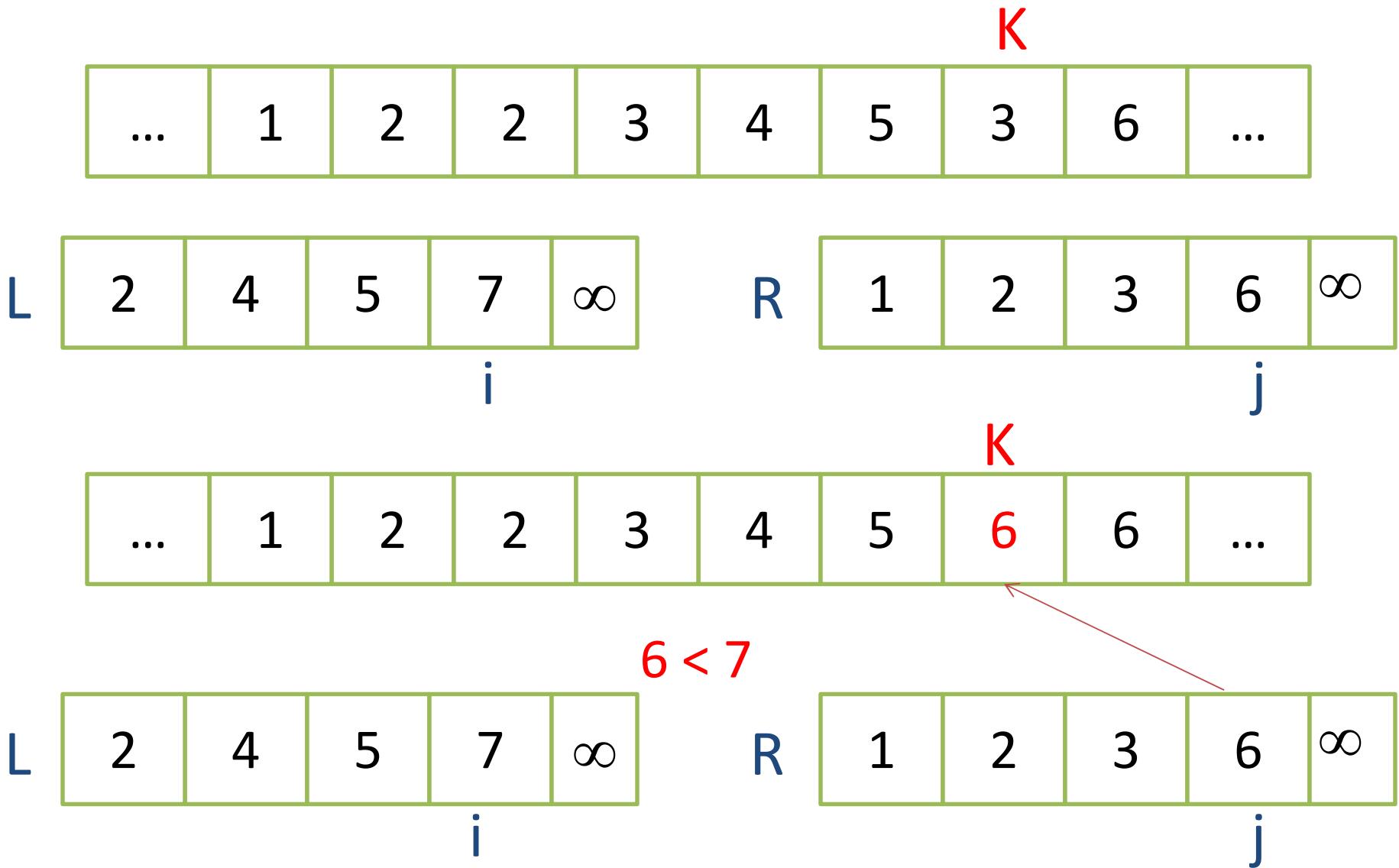
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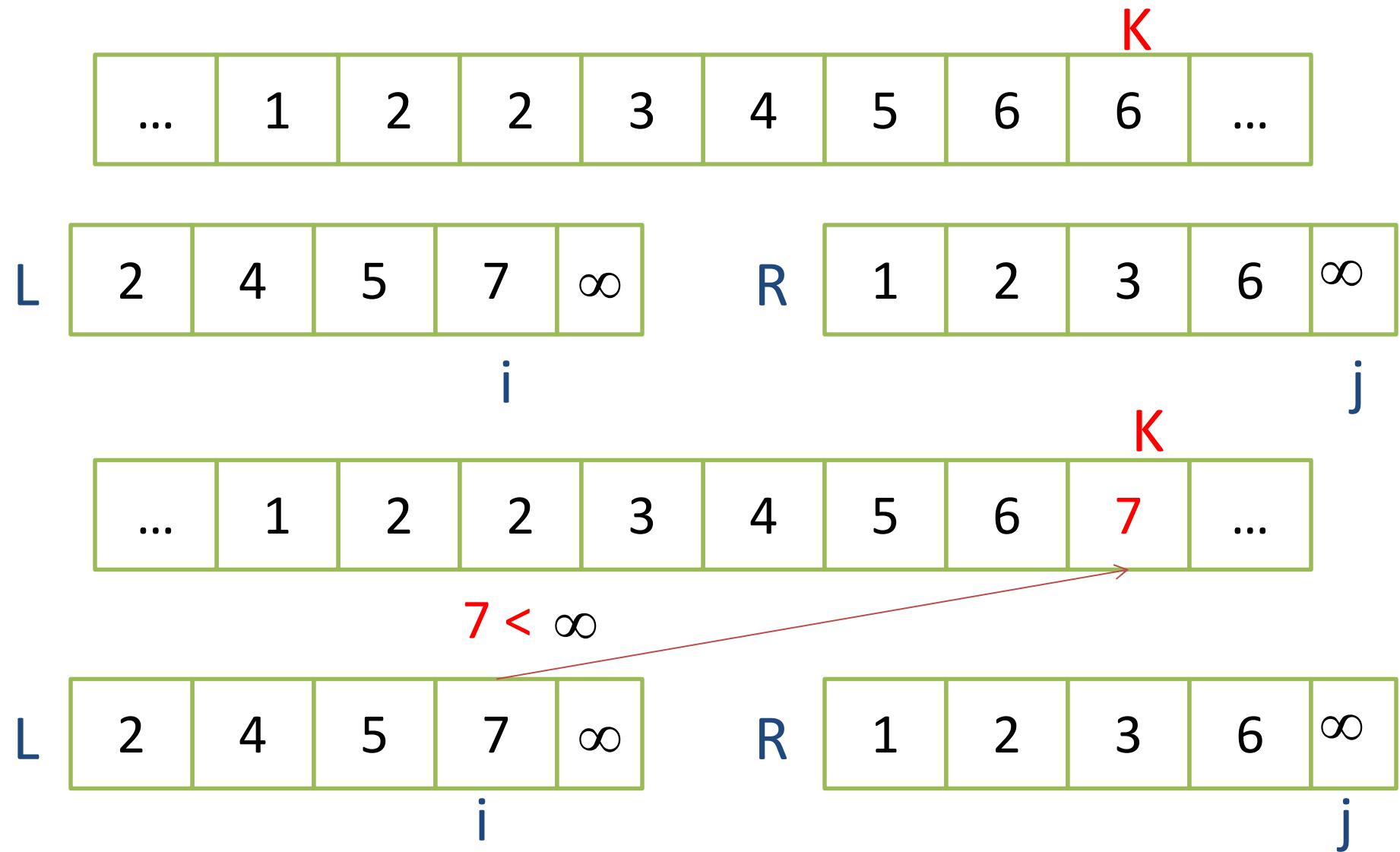
Practice: Merge(A, p, q, r)



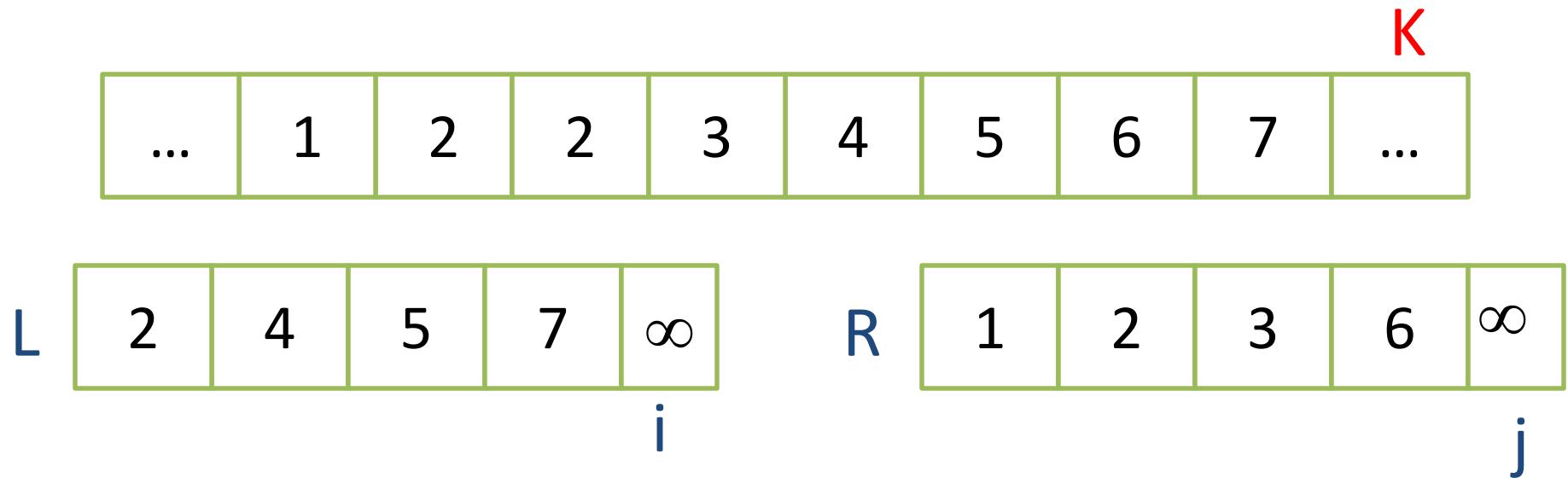
Practice: Merge(A, p, q, r)



Practice: Merge(A, p, q, r)



Practice: Merge(A, p, q, r)



Psudocode: merge-sort (A,p,r)

If $p < r$

 then $q = \lfloor(p+r)/2\rfloor$

 merge-sort(A, p, q)

 merge-sort(A, q+1, r)

 merge(A, p, q, r)

Practice: merge-sort (A,1,8)

If $p < r$

then $q = \lfloor(p+r)/2\rfloor$

round 1 , $q= 4$

round 2 , $q= 2$

merge-sort(A, p, q)

round 1 , merge-sort(A,1,4)

merge-sort(A, q+1, r)

round 1 , merge-sort(A,5,8)

merge(A, p, q, r)

round 1 , merge(A,1,4,8)

Practice: merge-sort (A,1,4)

If $p < r$

then $q = \lfloor(p+r)/2\rfloor$

round 2 , $q= 2$

merge-sort(A, p, q)

round 1 , merge-sort(A,1,4)

round 2 , merge-sort(A,1,2)

merge-sort(A, q+1, r)

round 1 , merge-sort(A,5,8)

round 2, merge-sort(A,3,4)

merge(A, p, q, r)

round 1 , merge(A,1,4,8)

round 2 , merge(A,1,2,4)

Practice: merge-sort (A,5,8)

If $p < r$

then $q = \lfloor(p+r)/2\rfloor$

round 2 , $q= 2$

merge-sort(A, p, q)

round 1 , merge-sort(A,1,4)

round 3 , merge-sort(A,5,6)

merge-sort(A, q+1, r)

round 1 , merge-sort(A,5,8)

round 3, merge-sort(A,7,8)

merge(A, p, q, r)

round 1 , merge(A,1,4,8)

round 3 , merge(A,5,6,8)

Practice: merge-sort (A,1,2)

If $p < r$

then $q = \lfloor(p+r)/2\rfloor$

round 3 , $q=1$

merge-sort(A, p, q)

round 1 , merge-sort(A,1,4)

round 2 , merge-sort(A,1,2)

round 3, merge-sort(A,1,1)

merge-sort(A, q+1, r)

round 1 , merge-sort(A,5,8)

round 2, merge-sort(A,3,4)

round 3, merge-sort(A,2,2)

merge(A, p, q, r)

round 1 , merge(A,1,4,8)

round 2 , merge(A,1,2,4)

round 3, merge(A,1,1,2)

Practice: merge-sort (A,3,4)

If $p < r$

then $q = \lfloor(p+r)/2\rfloor$

round 3 , $q=3$

merge-sort(A, p, q)

round 1 , merge-sort(A,1,4)

round 2 , merge-sort(A,1,2)

round 3, merge-sort(A,3,3)

merge-sort(A, q+1, r)

round 1 , merge-sort(A,5,8)

round 2, merge-sort(A,3,4)

round 3, merge-sort(A,4,4)

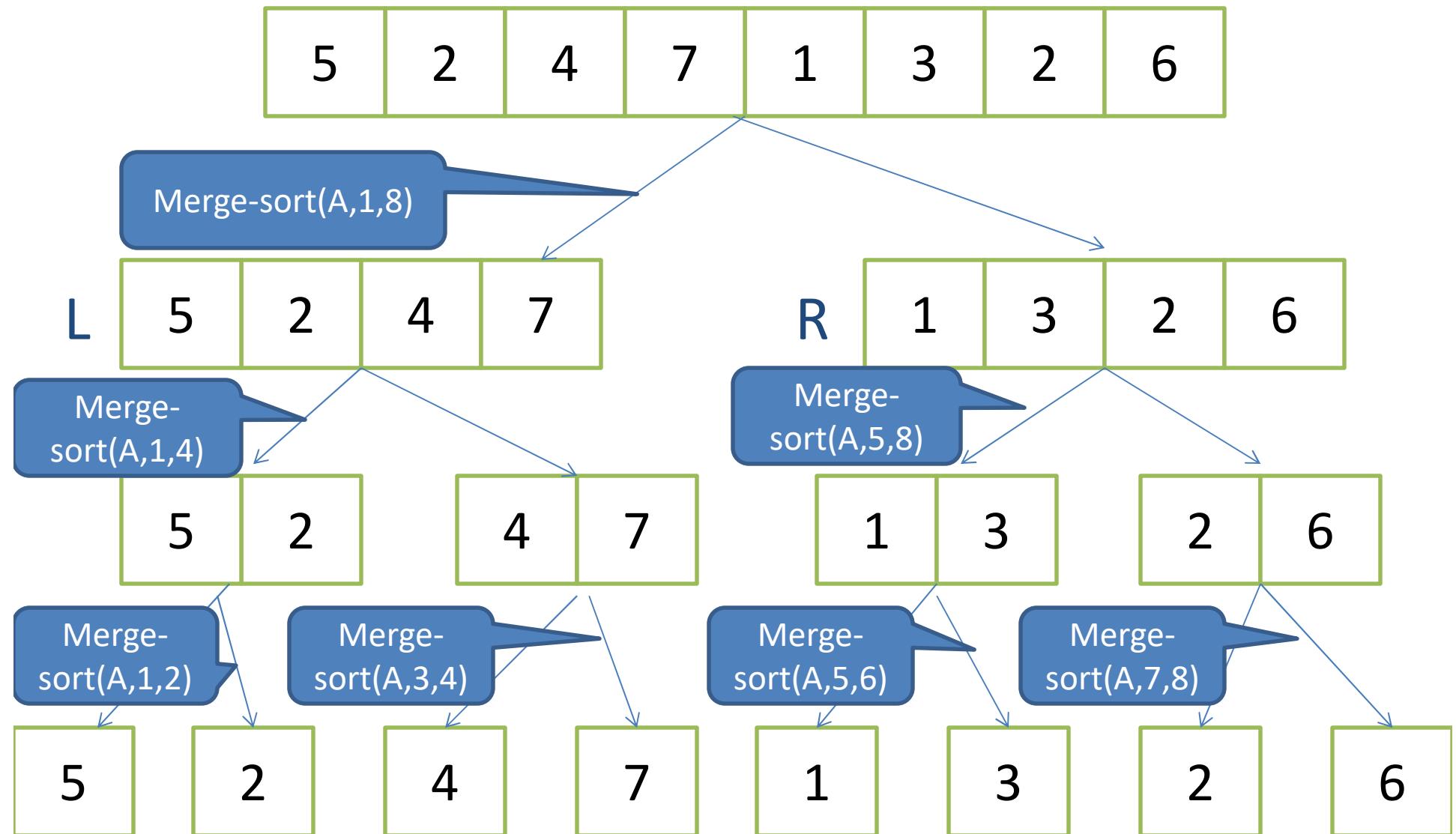
merge(A, p, q, r)

round 1 , merge(A,1,4,8)

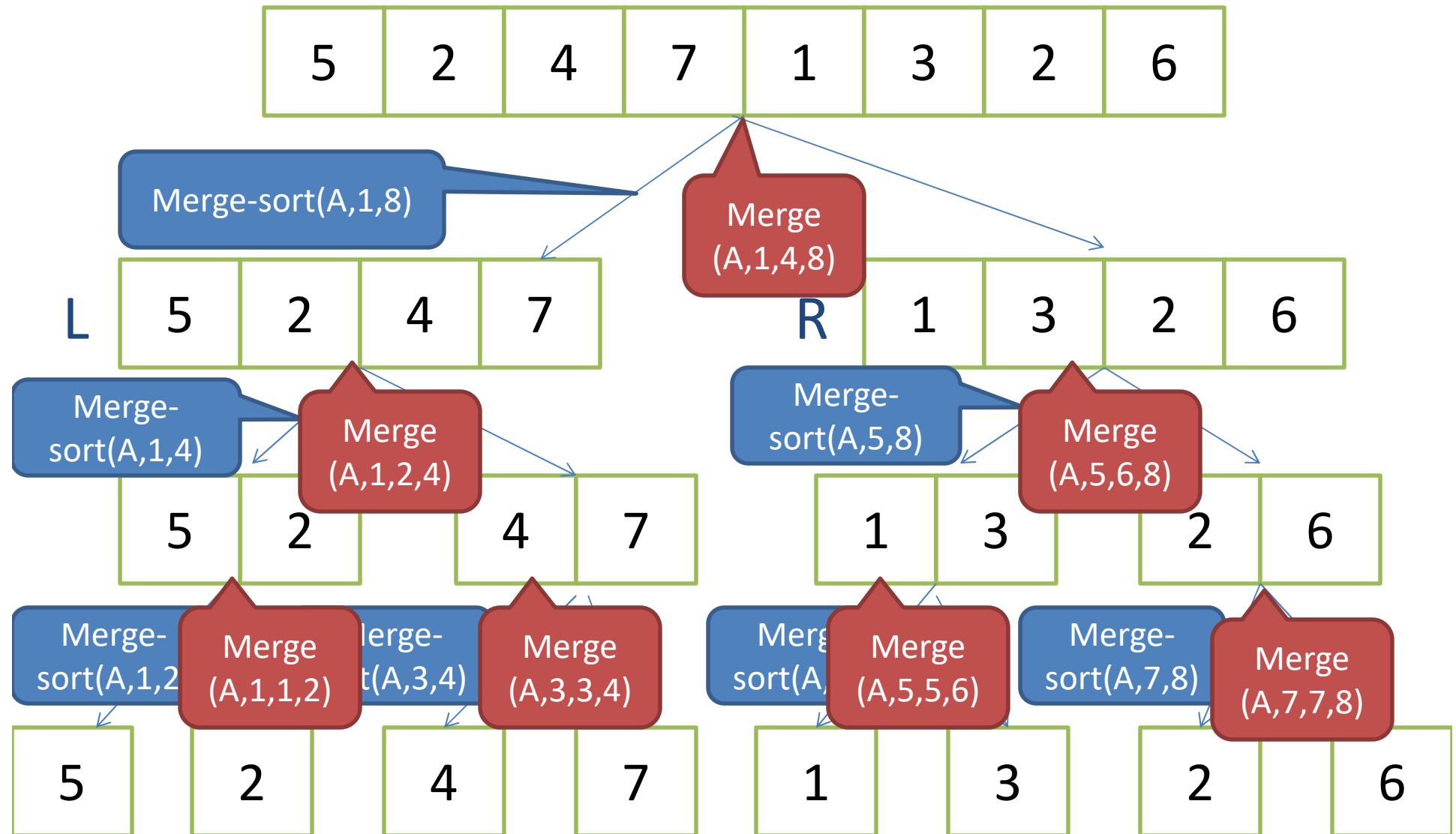
round 2 , merge(A,1,2,4)

round 3, merge(A,3,3,4)

Practice: Merge-sort(A,p,r)



Practice: Merge-sort(A,p,r)



Exercise merge-sort

Input = [9,5,7,4,2,8]